



ABANS BROKING SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

Audited Standalone Financial Statements

F.Y. 2024-2025

Independent Auditor's Report

To
The Members of Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Report on the Audit for the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of **Abans Broking Services Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise of the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'Financial Statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and the profit (financial position including Other Comprehensive Income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the key
	Audit Matter
Valuation of Market Linked Debenture (as described in note no.14 of the standalone financial statements)	
The Company has issued Market Linked Debenture (MLD) during current year linked to the levels of Nifty/Equity share. The outstanding balance of MLD as on March 31, 2025 is 1145.21 Lakhs. The Company on the basis of Valuation	Audit procedures included an assessment of internal controls over fair valuation of MLD outstanding on reporting date. Assessed and reviewed the fair valuation of MLD by the Company on the basis of Valuation Report obtained from the Registered Valuer for compliance with Ind AS. Our verification

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Report obtained from the registered Valuer has undertaken valuation of the outstanding MLD. Considering that internal valuation along with the valuation report obtained of MLD is significant to overall financial statements and the degree of management's judgement involved in the estimate, any error in the estimate could lead to material misstatement in the financial statements. Therefore, this is considered a key audit matter.

also included understanding of the methodology and various assumptions used in the sad valuation, As part of our audit procedure, we also challenged the assumptions used by the Management and have taken appropriate representations.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Company's Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information, and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information included in the above reports, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take necessary actions as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Director's for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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The Management and Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.

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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025, were audited by the predecessor auditors, who had expressed an unmodified opinion on May 13, 2024.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "**Annexure A**", a statement on the matter specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required under provisions of section 143(3) of the Act, We report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes of Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, referred to our separate report in "**Annexure B**".

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- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, since the Company is a private Company, provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- h) With respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us.
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2025 on its financial position in its Financial Statements - Refer Note 29 of financial statements
 - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts that require provision under any law or accounting standards for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.
 - iv.
 - (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (d) (i) and (d) (ii) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year under Section 123 of the Act.
 - vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of

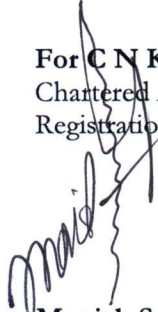


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recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the Audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For CNK & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Registration No. 101961W/W100036



Manish Sampat

Partner

Membership No. 101684

UDIN: 25101684BMMLMS3336

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2025



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ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31 2025, we report that:

- i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets (Fixed Assets):
 - a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the property, plant and equipment's.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b) Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not hold any immovable properties. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - d) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year.
 - e) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii)
 - a) According to the information and explanations provided to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the stock of inventory has been physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals, except stock lying with third parties. Confirmations of such stocks with third parties have been obtained by the Company in most cases. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets and as per detailed sanctioned terms.
 - iii)
 - a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made investments, provided guarantee, and granted loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the investments made, guarantees given and the terms and conditions of the loans provided are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

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- c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest have generally been regular as per stipulation.
- d) In respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii) (f) is not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans, investments made.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits to which directives of Reserve Bank of India and provisions of section 73 to 76 or other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder apply. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(v) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products manufactured by it (and/or services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- vii)
- a) The company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs, GST, Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, sales tax, customs duty, excise duty and cess were in arrears, as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are dues of sales tax, income tax, custom duty, wealth tax, GST, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Nature of Dues	AY	Date of Order	Demand as per Order	Demand paid	Status
Income Tax	2019-20	31-03-2024	1.89	1.89	Appeal filed on 24.04.2024

Nature of Dues	Financial Year	Date of Order	Demand as per Order	Status
GST	2020-2021 & 2021-2022	30-01-2023	37.63	Reply to SCN filed. Hearing attended on 26.09.2024, further reply awaited from department.

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GST	2022-2023	28-05-2024	2.78	Reply filed. Hearing attended on 13.12.2024, further reply awaited from department.
GST	July, 2017 - 2024	27-01-2025	13.47	Order received confirming part demand. Appeal to be filed by 06.05.2025
GST	2020-2021	09-12-2024	2,470.61	Reply filed, hearing awaited.
GST	2019-2020	28-05-2024	1,614.01	Reply filed, hearing awaited.

viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

ix)

- According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender as on March 31, 2025.
- According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- According to information and explanation provided to us by management, the Company has not obtained term loans hence reporting under paragraph 3(ix)(c) is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company during the year no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, Joint ventures or associate companies. Accordingly, the provisions of the paragraph 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x)

- According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans, initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence, the provisions of paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

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- xi)
- a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
 - b) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - c) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not received any whistle blower complaint during the year. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii)(a) (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
- xiv)
- a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3[xv] of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi)
- a) According to the information and explanations provided to us the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934). Hence reporting under the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi) (a) to (c) is not applicable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations provided to us, in our opinion, there is no core investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under paragraph 3 (xvi) (d) of the order is not applicable.
- xvii) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the procedure performed by us, and on an overall examination of Financial Statements of the Company, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.



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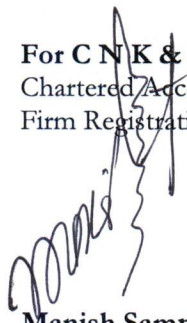
Chartered Accountants

- xviii) There has been resignation by the statutory auditors during the year and the outgoing auditor has not raised any issues, objections or concerns based on our communication with outgoing auditor as required under ICAI Code of Ethics and further no issues, objections, or concerns, were raised in their audit report dated May 13, 2024 for previous financial year.
- xix) Based on the ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we report that the provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Companies. Accordingly, reporting under the clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the order are not applicable.

For CNK & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101961W/W100036



Manish Sampat

Partner

Membership No. 101684

UDIN: 25101684BMMLMS3336

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2025



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Annexure “B” to the Independent Auditor’s Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of Abans Broking Services Private Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2025, in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the “Guidance Note”).

Management’s Responsibility Board of Directors’ Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements include those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

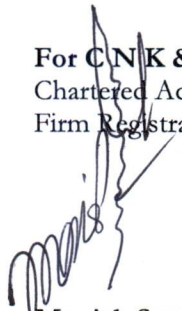
Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statement become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For CNK & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No : 101961W/W100036



Manish Sampat

Partner

Membership No. 101684

UDIN: 25101684BMMLMS3336

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2025



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
CIN: U74990MH2009PTC190201
Balance sheet as at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	3,514.35	944.49
Bank balance other than above	3	2,050.00	2,399.34
Derivative financial instruments	4	738.45	77.90
Receivables	5		
(a) Trade receivable		102.59	697.13
Investments	6	14,397.83	14,216.67
Other financial assets	7	1,093.77	809.42
		21,896.99	19,144.95
Non-financial assets			
Inventories	8	603.78	4,423.43
Current tax asset (Net)	9	-	210.51
Property, plant and equipment	10	8.65	3.42
Intangible asset	11	101.39	124.58
Other non-financial assets	12	93.30	188.90
		807.12	4,950.84
TOTAL ASSETS		22,704.11	24,095.78
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Payables	13		
(a) Trade payables			
(i) dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		32.74	16.97
(b) Other payables			
(i) dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		80.78	53.85
Debt securities	14	1,145.21	5,461.69
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	15	955.10	1,849.37
Other financial liabilities	16	2,086.39	676.75
		4,300.22	8,058.63
Non-financial liabilities			
Current tax liabilities (Net)	17	78.14	-
Provisions	17	71.91	55.40
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	18	172.18	4.68
Other non-financial liabilities	19	26.55	20.83
		348.78	80.91
Equity			
Equity share capital	20	470.64	413.50
Other equity	21	17,584.47	15,542.74
		18,055.11	15,956.24
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		22,704.11	24,095.78

Material accounting policies

1

Notes to the financial statements

2-55

Material accounting policies and notes attached thereto form an integral part of financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For CNK & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101961W/W100036

Manish Sampat

Partner

Membership No: 101684

Place :- Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Mahesh Kumar Cheruveedu
Director

DIN : 09499122

Vinesh Karnala
Chief Financial Officer

Shivshankar Singh
Director

DIN : 07787861

Dikshal Jhaveri
Company Secretary



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
CIN: U74990MH2009PTC190201
Statement of Profit & Loss For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	22	664.15	389.05
Dividend Income		1.68	-
Net gain on fair value changes	23	2,078.17	888.16
Sale of products (net)		2,21,607.37	48,695.94
Sale of services		432.84	436.08
Forex gain		3.30	-
Total revenue from operations (I)		2,24,787.51	50,409.23
Expenses			
Finance costs	24	276.21	529.04
Purchases of traded goods		2,16,935.61	46,913.01
Changes in inventories in finished goods & stock in trade	25	3,819.65	1,655.18
Employee benefits expenses	26	865.12	645.46
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	10 & 11	24.63	4.19
Others expenses	27	412.12	378.52
Total expenses (II)		2,22,333.34	50,125.40
Profit/(loss) before tax [III = (I-II)]		2,454.17	283.83
Less : Tax expense			
Current tax		471.33	8.42
Deferred tax		167.07	21.58
Earlier year		16.53	(50.78)
Total of tax expense [IV]		654.93	(20.78)
Profit/(loss) after tax [V=(III-IV)]		1,799.24	304.61
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plan		1.68	(13.44)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Deferred tax on defined benefit plan		(0.42)	3.38
Subtotal (A)		1.26	(10.06)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Unrealized profit / (loss) on derivative		-	-
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Deferred tax on unrealized profit / (loss) on derivative		-	-
Subtotal (B)		-	-
Other comprehensive income (A+B)		1.26	(10.06)
Total comprehensive income		1,800.51	294.55
Earnings Per Share Face Value of Rs. 10/- each			
Basic earnings per share	28	42.86	7.37
Diluted earning per share	28	24.46	4.18

Material accounting policies

Notes to the financial statements

Material accounting policies and notes attached thereto form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For CNK & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101961W/W100036

Manish Sampat
Partner

Membership No: 101684

Place :- Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Manish Kumar Cheruveedu
Director
DIN : 09499122

Vinash Karnala
Chief Financial Officer

Shivshankar Singh
Director
DIN : 07787861

Dikshal Jhaveri
Company Secretary



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
CIN: U74990MH2009PTC190201
Statement of Cash Flow

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit before tax	2,454.17	283.83
Adjusted for :		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	24.63	4.19
(Profit)/Loss on sale of investments	(1,377.33)	(1.21)
Interest income on investments	(53.61)	(55.99)
Fair value adjustment on investments	(738.45)	(77.46)
Finance cost on debt securities	467.93	85.25
Finance cost on preference shares	25.80	29.20
Employee defined benefit plan expenses	14.72	(7.03)
Discount on issue of Debenture	0.90	-
Interest expenses	190.81	430.98
Operating Profit before working capital changes:	1,009.57	691.76
Changes in working capital		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	3,819.65	1,655.18
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	594.52	(699.10)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other financial assets	(595.56)	12.97
(Increase)/Decrease in Other non financial assets	95.62	16.01
Increase/(Decrease) in payables	15.78	(1,996.62)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	1,436.56	(213.03)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other non financial liabilities	9.19	1.70
Cash generated from operations	6,385.33	(531.13)
Income taxes refund/(paid)	(199.21)	(91.10)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	6,186.12	(622.23)
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(6.68)	(15.00)
Proceeds from sale of financial investments	1,934.61	1,304.88
Interest income on investments	53.61	55.99
Goodwill generated on acquisition of SATCO business division	-	(88.20)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities (B)	1,981.54	1,257.67
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Net proceeds / (repayment) of Borrowings	(4,316.47)	(972.33)
Debenture issued / (redeemed) during the period	(895.17)	448.75
Conversion of Redeemable Preference Shares into Equity Shares	272.58	-
Finance cost on debt securities	(467.93)	1,145.21
Interest expenses	(190.81)	(430.98)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (C)	(5,597.80)	190.65
Net cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	2,569.86	826.09
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	944.49	118.40
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	3,514.34	944.49

Notes to statement of cash flows:-

1. Cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method where by profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated.

2. Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.

3. Income taxes refund/(paid) is treated as arising from operating activities and is not bifurcated between investing and financing activities.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
CIN: U74990MH2009PTC190201
Statement of Cash Flow

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2023
Balances with bank	134.92	22.85
Fixed deposits	3,379.43	899.31
Cash balance	-	22.33
	3,514.35	944.49

As per our attached report of even date
For CNK & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 101961W/W100036


Manish Sampat
Partner
Membership No: 101684
Place :- Mumbai
Date: May 28, 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Abans Broking Services Private Limited


Shivshankar Singh
Director
DIN : 07787861


Vinesh Karnala
Chief Financial Officer


Mahesh Kumar Cheruveedu
Director
DIN : 09499122


Dikshal Jhaveri
Company Secretary





Abans Broking Services Private Limited
CIN: U74990MH2009PTC190201
Statement of Changes in Equity

A. Equity share capital:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at April 1, 2023	413.50
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-
Restated balance as at April 1, 2023	413.50
Changes in equity share capital during FY 2023-24	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	413.50
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-
Restated balance as at April 1, 2024	413.50
Changes in equity share capital during FY 2024-25	57.14
Balance as at March 31, 2025	470.64

B. Other equity:

1. Current reporting period

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Equity component of compound financial instrument	Reserves and Surplus Securities premium	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Other items of Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	14,185.60	87.50	1,009.94	264.60	(4.91)	15,542.74
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	1,799.23	-	-	1,799.23
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	1.25	1.25
Transfer to Debenture redemption reserve	-	-	176.20	(176.20)	-	-
On conversion of Convertible Preference Shares to Equity Shares	(1,075.60)	1,316.84	-	-	-	241.24
Balance at the end of the reporting period	13,110.00	1,404.34	2,985.37	88.40	(3.66)	17,584.46

2. Previous reporting period

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Equity component of compound financial instrument	Reserves and Surplus Securities premium	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Other items of other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	14,185.60	87.50	969.93	-	5.15	15,248.18
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	304.61	-	-	304.61
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(10.06)	(10.06)
Transfer to Debenture redemption reserve	-	-	(264.60)	264.60	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	14,185.60	87.50	1,009.94	264.60	(4.91)	15,542.74

As per our attached report of even date
For CNK & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 101961W/W100036

Manish Sampat
Partner
Membership No: 101684
Place :- Mumbai
Date: May 28, 2025



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Mahesh Kumar Cheruvveedu
Director
DIN : 09499122

Vinesh Karnala
Chief Financial Officer

Shivshankar Singh
Director
DIN : 07787861

Dikshal Jhaveri
Company Secretary

Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

I Nature of operations:

Abans Broking Services Private Limited (the Company) is a private company limited by shares domiciled in India, incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 having CIN U74990MH2009PTC190201 Its registered office is situated at 36/37/38A, 3rd Floor, 227, Nariman Bhavan, Backbay Reclamation, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400021. The Company is engaged in Broking, consultancy services, treasury operations and allied activities. It is also registered with SEBI as a portfolio manager. The Financial statements were approved for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on 28th May 2025.

IIA Basis of Presentation:

(a) Basis of preparation:

The Financial Statement have been prepared under historical cost convention basis except certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value or revalued amounts. Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value or revalued amounts which are as follows;

1. Certain Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI);
2. Certain Financial instruments measured at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL);
3. Defined Benefit Plan asset measured at fair value;
4. Contingent consideration is measured at fair value.

The financial statements of the Company is prepared on going concern basis as the management is satisfied that the company shall be able to continue its business for the foreseeable future and no material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the going concern assumption. In making this assessment management has considered a wide range of information relating to present and future conditions including future projection of profitability, cash flows and capital resources.

The functional and presentation currency of the company is Indian rupees. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes are rounded off to the nearest INR rupees in lakhs except when otherwise indicated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

(b) Recent pronouncements:

Recent accounting pronouncements Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

(c) Use of estimates:

The presentation of the financial statements are in conformity with the Ind AS which requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities), revenues and expenses and disclosure as of the financial statements. Such estimates and assumptions are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as on the date of financial statements. The actual outcome may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the Financial Statements.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial Statement are as below:

1. Valuation of Financial Instruments;
2. Evaluation of recoverability of deferred tax assets;
3. Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
4. Measurement of recoverable amounts of cash-generating units;
5. Obligations relating to employee benefits;
6. Provisions and Contingencies;
7. Provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions;
8. Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

(d) Presentation of financial statements:

The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

The Company generally reports financial assets and financial liabilities on a gross basis in the Balance Sheet. They are offset and reported net only where Ind AS specifically permits the same or it has an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts without being contingent on a future event. Similarly, the Company offsets incomes and expenses and reports the same on a net basis where permitted by Ind AS.

IIB Accounting Policies:

Material Accounting Policies -

(e) Investments:

Investments in subsidiary companies are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses as per 109 "Financial Instruments", if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary companies, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Investments in equity instruments, mutual funds, exchange traded funds (ETFs), Market linked debentures and government securities are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

(f) Inventories:

Items of inventory in respect of which hedge derivative contracts are taken is valued at market rate and other items of inventory are measured at lower of the cost and net realizable value.

Derivative contracts are generally measured at fair value through profit & loss and to avoid accounting mis match the inventories in respect of which hedge derivative contracts are executed is measured at market rate.

Cost of inventory comprises of cost of purchase and other cost incurred to acquire it. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Items of Inventory are measured at lower of the cost and Net Realizable value. Cost of inventory comprises of cost of purchase and other cost incurred to acquire it. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(g) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is defined as any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Trade receivables and payables, loan receivables, investments in securities and subsidiaries, debt securities and other borrowings, preferential and equity capital etc. are some examples of financial instruments. All financial instruments are at amortized cost, unless otherwise specified. All the financial instruments are recognized on the date when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

(i) Financial assets:

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective, that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidences a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company's has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment either at fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit & loss.

Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognized as 'Revenue from operations' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Investments in mutual funds and government securities are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Subsequent measurement:

After initial recognition, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures) are measured either at:

- i) fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss) or,
- ii) amortized cost

Measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any, the amortization of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI) net of taxes. Interest income is measured using the EIR method and impairment losses if any are recognized in Profit and Loss. Gains or Losses on de-recognition of investment in equity instruments classified as the FVOCI are reclassified to retained earnings. In case of Investments in debt instruments classified as the FVOCI, the gains or losses on de-recognition are reclassified to statement of Profit and Loss.

Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset not classified as either amortized cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognized as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1. The Company measures all its investments in equity (other than investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures) and mutual funds at FVTPL. Changes in the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Profit and Loss.
2. Investment in commodities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments and on commodities measured at FVTPL are recognized in Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

A. The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) on all the financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivable only, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS - 109 Financial Instruments.

B. In case of Loans and advances of Non - banking financial companies, loan that has been renegotiated due to a deterioration in the borrower's condition is usually considered to be credit-impaired unless there is evidence that the risk of not receiving contractual cash flows has reduced significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment. ECL is recognized on EAD as at period end.

If the terms of a financial asset are renegotiated or modified due to financial difficulties of the borrower, then such asset is moved to stage 3, lifetime ECL under stage 3 on the outstanding amount is applied.

The Company assesses when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred based on quantitative and qualitative assessments. Exposures are considered to have resulted in a significant increase in credit risk and are moved to Stage 2 when:

1. Quantitative test: Accounts that are 30 calendar days or more past due move to Stage 2 automatically. Accounts that are 90 calendar days or more past due move to Stage 3 automatically.
2. Qualitative test: Accounts that meet the portfolio's 'high risk' criteria and are subject to closer credit monitoring. High risk customers may not be in arrears but either through an event or an observed behavior exhibit credit distress.

The definition of default for the purpose of determining ECLs has been aligned to the Reserve Bank of India definition of default, which considers indicators that the debtor is unlikely to pay and is no later than when the exposure is more than 90 days past due.

To the above extent Company continues to incrementally provide for the asset post initial recognition in Stage 3, based on its estimate of the recovery.

A financial asset is de-recognized only when:

- i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is de-recognized. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not de-recognized. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is de-recognized if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

(ii) Financial liabilities:

Classification as debt or equity:

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value.

Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognized in Profit and Loss.

De-recognition:

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

Fair value of financial instruments:

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purpose. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

Fair value measurements under Ind AS are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) that the Company can access at measurement date.

The Company has defined its financial assets and liabilities below:.

Cash and Cash equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value as cash and cash equivalents.

Trade payables:

These amounts represent liability for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid as per the terms of trade. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

Trade receivables:

These amounts represent receivables for goods and services provided by the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually received as per the terms of trade. Trade and other receivables are presented as current assets unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

(h) Revenue from contracts with customers:

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found within Ind AS of accounting on accrual basis. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, and it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

The company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation.

The company recognizes revenue from the following sources:

- a. Fee income including such as advisory fees, management fees and is recognized based on the stage of completion of assignments, performance and terms of agreement with the client.
- b. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate method.
- c. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(i) Income taxes:

i) Current tax:

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it intends to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

ii) Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets arising mainly on account of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation under tax laws are recognized only if there is reasonable certainty of its realization, supported by convincing evidence.

Deferred tax assets on account of other temporary differences are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

(j) Employee benefits:

Employee benefit expenses :-

- A. Short term employee benefit,
- B. Defined contribution Plan - Provident fund and National Pension Scheme,
- C. Defined benefit plans gratuity and
- D. Compensated absences.

A. Short-term employee benefits:-

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

B. Defined contribution plans:-

The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund and national pension scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

C. Defined Benefit Plans:-

The Company pays gratuity to the employees who have completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/ superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days basic salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

D. Compensated absences :-

Privilege leave entitlements are recognized as a liability as per the rules of the Company. The liability for accumulated leaves which can be availed and/or encashed at any time during the tenure of employment is recognized using the projected unit credit method at the actuarially determined value by an appointed actuary.

Disclosures in respect of above, if any, are provided as per the requirement of the local law.

Other Accounting Policies -

(k) Property, plant and equipment (PP&E):

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies for recognition as an asset shall be measured at its cost. Cost comprises of the purchase price and any attributable / allocable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Cost also includes direct cost and other related incidental expenses.

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition / construction / development of tangible assets, intangible assets and capital work in progress which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

When significant components of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, recognition is made for such replacement of components as individual assets with specific useful life and depreciation if this components are initially recognized as separate asset. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset.

Type of Asset	Estimated useful life
Buildings/Office Premises	60 years
Air Conditioner	5 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Office Equipment's	5 years

Depreciation is provided from the date the assets are ready to be put to use, as per written down value (WDV) method over the useful life of the assets, as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss within 'other income' or 'other expenses' respectively.

(l) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Cost comprises the acquisition price, development cost and any attributable / allocable incidental cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination that qualify for separate recognition are recognized as intangible assets at their fair values at the date of acquisition. The useful life of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

All finite-lived intangible assets, are accounted for using the cost model whereby intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life. Residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

When an intangible asset is disposed of, the gain or loss on disposal is determined as the difference between the proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss within 'other income' or 'other expenses' respectively.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

(m) Impairment of assets:

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication based on internal /external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognized may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise cash and deposits with banks. The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value as cash and cash equivalents.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments.

(o) Provisions:

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

When the company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

(p) Contingent liabilities:

Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of: -

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible - a possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

(q) Business combination:

The acquisition method of accounting is used for business combinations by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquire. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their acquisition date fair values. Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if impairment indicators exist. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquire are assigned to those units.

Business combination under common control:

Common control business combinations includes transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group. Group has accounted all such transactions, if any, based on pooling of interest method, as follows:-

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities.
- The financial information in the financial statements in respect of prior periods are restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination. The identity of the reserves shall be preserved and shall appear in the financial statements of the transferee in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the transferor. The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor shall be transferred to capital reserve.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Note 1: Material accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statement for year ended March 31, 2025.

(r) Foreign currencies transaction and translation:

a) Monetary items: Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

b) Non – Monetary items: Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting of monetary items at each Balance Sheet date at the closing spot rate are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

(s) Leases:

Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of leases for both lessees and lessors. A lessee recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

For short term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(t) Borrowing costs:

Expenses related to borrowing cost are accounted using effective interest rate for liabilities designated at amortized cost. Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs includes interest portion on lease liabilities, if any.

(u) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit / (loss) for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit / (loss) for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average numbers of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted at the beginning of the year and not issued at a later date.

In computing the diluted EPS, potential equity shares that either increase earnings per share or decrease loss per equity share, being anti-dilutive are ignored.

(v) Segment reporting policies:

An operating segment is an identifiable component/business activity ,results of which and allocation of resources are distinctly reviewed by chief operating decision maker and for which discrete financial information is available.

(w) Statement of cash flow:

Cash Flows of the Group are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing Cash Flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Note 2 : Cash and cash equivalent*

Cash on hand	-	22.33
Balance with banks	134.92	22.85
Fixed Deposits with Bank	3,379.43	899.31
Total	3,514.35	944.49

2.1 Cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term commitments rather than for investment purpose.

Note 3 : Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents

Fixed deposits with maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	2,050.00	2,399.34
Total	2,050.00	2,399.34

(Refer note no 39 for assets pledged)

Note 4 : Derivatives financial instruments

Commodity derivatives		
Fair value - assets	738.62	49.51
Fair value - liabilities	-	-
Total (A)	738.62	49.51
Equity derivatives		
Fair value - assets	-	28.39
Fair value - liabilities	(0.17)	-
Total (B)	(0.17)	28.39
Total Fair value - Asset/(Liability) (A+B)	738.45	77.90

Notional amount

Commodity derivatives	11,105.99	2,205.03
Equity derivatives	35.46	3,389.00

Note 5 : Receivables

Trade receivables

Trade receivables considered good – Secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good – Unsecured	102.59	697.13
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables – Credit impaired	-	-
Unbilled trade receivables	-	-
Total	102.59	697.13

Note :- Debt due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Debts due from directors	-	-
Debts due from companies in which any director is a partner, a director or a member	-	-



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars

**As at
March 31,
2025**

**As at
March 31, 2024**

Note 5.1 : Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2025

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Not dues	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed trade receivables-considered good	-	-	102.59	-	-	-	-	102.59
ii) Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Undisputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed trade receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Disputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Disputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	102.59	-	-	-	-	102.59

Note 5.2 : Trade receivables ageing schedule as at 31st March, 2024

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Not dues	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed trade receivables-considered good	-	-	697.13	-	-	-	-	697.13
ii) Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Undisputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed trade receivables-considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
v) Disputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Disputed trade receivables-credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	697.13	-	-	-	-	697.13



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Note 6 : Investments

(i) Investment in equity instruments:

(a) Unquoted - Equity shares of subsidiaries - (Valued at cost)

Subsidiaries	Face Value (per share)	Units (CY)	Units (PY)		
Abans Global Limited	GBP 1	16,60,488	16,60,488	11,549.88	11,549.88
Abans Global Broking IFSC Pvt Ltd	Rs 10	13,50,000	13,50,000	135.00	135.00
Caspian HK Trading Limited*	HKD 1	78,35,350	78,35,350	714.13	714.13
* Struck off as on 03/04/2025					
Abans Investment Manager Mauritius	USD 1	8,35,100	8,35,100	610.87	610.87

(b) Quoted - Designated at fair valued through profit & loss

Company		Face Value (per share)	Units (CY)	Units (PY)		
Tata Motors - DVR Limited	(Refer note 6.1)	Rs 2	Nil	40,700	-	267.48
Indian Energy Exchange	(Refer note 6.1)	Rs 1	28,800	-	50.62	-
Piramal Enterprises Ltd	(Refer note 6.1)	Rs 2	1,831	-	18.09	-
South Indian Bank Ltd	(Refer note 6.1)	Rs 1	3,90,430	-	90.07	-
Elecon Engineering Company Ltd	(Refer note 6.1)	Rs 1	15,914	-	71.48	-
Quick Heal Technologies Ltd		Rs 10	3,710	-	10.65	-

(ii) Investment in debt instruments

(a) Quoted - Designated and carried at fair value through profit & loss

	Face Value (per bond)	Units (CY)	Units (PY)		
Government securities					
7.40% Government securities 2062 IN01 (Refer note 6.1)	Rs 100	4,50,000	Nil	476.53	-

(iii) Investment in exchange traded funds (ETFs)

(a) Quoted - Designated and carried at fair value through profit & loss

Exchange traded funds		Units (CY)	Units (PY)		
Axis silver ETF		Nil	12,000	-	8.68
DSP MF silver ETF		Nil	37,734	-	26.16
HDFC MF silver ETF		Nil	58,000	-	41.26
Nippon India silver ETF	(Refer note 6.1)	6,87,000	12,07,197	670.51	860.77
Tata silver ETF		Nil	34,266	-	2.44
HDFC gold ETF		Nil	Nil	-	-
SBI gold ETF		Nil	Nil	-	-
UTI gold ETF		Nil	Nil	-	-

Total	14,397.83	14,216.67
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Out of the above

Investment in India	1,387.96	1,206.79
Investment outside India	13,009.88	13,009.88

Total	14,397.84	14,216.67
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Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	1,387.95	1,206.79
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	1,387.95	1,206.79
Aggregate book value of un-quoted investment	13,009.88	13,009.88
Aggregate amount of provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-

6.1 Out of above following securities are pledged with National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited for margin purpose on fair value.

Exchange	Script	Units	Units (CY)	Units (PY)	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	Tata Motors DVR	Equity shares	Nil	40,700	-	267.48
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	Elecon	Equity shares	15,914	Nil	71.48	-
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	PEL	Equity shares	1,831	Nil	18.09	-
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	IEX	Equity shares	28,800	Nil	50.62	-
National Stock Exchange of India Limited	Southbank	Equity shares	3,90,430	Nil	90.07	-
National Stock Exchange of India Limited & Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited	Nippon India silver ETF	Units	Nil	12,07,197	-	860.77
National Stock Exchange of India Limited & Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited	7.40% Government securities 2062	Units	4,50,000	Nil	476.53	-

Note 7 : Other financial asset

Other receivables	17.10	32.61
Exchange Receivables	339.87	-
Client Receivables	27.91	2.04
Interest accrued but not due	312.83	4.93
Margins & balance with brokers	273.31	608.56
Fixed deposits with bank	-	33.37
Deposit with exchange	117.50	127.10
Deposits with depository participants	0.42	-
Loan to employees	4.83	0.81
Total	1,093.77	809.42

Note 8 : Inventories

Stock in trade	603.78	4,423.43
Total	603.78	4,423.43

Note 9 : Current tax assets (Net)

Advance tax & tax deducted at source (net of provision for tax)	-	210.51
Total	-	210.51



Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note 10 : Property, plant & equipment	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Computer hardwares	Total
Gross block:				
As at April 01, 2023	0.69	5.36	60.32	66.37
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	0.69	5.36	60.32	66.37
Additions	-	2.03	4.64	6.68
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	0.69	7.39	64.96	73.05
Depreciation and impairment:				
As at April 01, 2023	0.65	4.84	57.27	62.76
For the year	-	0.16	0.03	0.19
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	0.65	5.00	57.31	62.95
For the year	-	0.33	1.12	1.45
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	0.65	5.33	58.43	64.40
Net block:				
As at March 31, 2024	0.03	0.37	3.02	3.42
As at March 31, 2025	0.04	2.06	6.52	8.65

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note 11 : Intangible assets	Goodwill *	Membership card	Computer software	Back office software advantage	Total
Gross block:					
As at April 01, 2023	-	20.23	2.75	20.00	42.99
Additions	88.20	15.00	-	-	103.20
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	88.20	35.23	2.75	20.00	146.19
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	88.20	35.23	2.75	20.00	146.19
Depreciation and impairment:					
As at April 01, 2023	-	-	2.61	15.00	17.61
For the year	-	-	-	4.00	4.00
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	-	-	2.61	19.00	21.61
For the year	22.05	-	0.14	1.00	23.19
Disposal/ Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	22.05	-	2.75	20.00	44.79
Net block:					
As at March 31, 2024	88.20	35.23	0.15	1.00	124.58
As at March 31, 2025	66.15	35.23	-0.00	-	101.39

* Goodwill arising on takeover of SATCO growth & momentum portfolio business , acquired through business combination pertains to cash generating units (CGUs) which is part of broking & advisory activities segment. The goodwill is tested for impairment annually. As at March 31, 2025 the goodwill is not impaired.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Note 12 : Other non financial asset

Security deposits	1.05	1.05
Balance with revenue authorities	49.03	153.63
Prepaid expenses	41.48	28.95
Other receivables	-	-
Advance to Supplier	-	-
Advance to supplier for expenses	0.28	5.16
Advance to employee (expenses)	1.46	0.11
Total	93.30	188.90

(Refer note 32 for related party transactions)

Note 13 : Payables

Trade payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	32.74	16.97
Sub total	32.74	16.97

Other payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	80.78	53.85
Sub total	80.78	53.85

Total	113.52	70.82
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Note 13.1 : Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Not dues	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Others	-	-	32.74	-	-	-	32.74
iv) Disputed dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	32.74	-	-	-	32.74

Note 13.2 : Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Not dues	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Others	-	-	16.97	-	-	-	16.97
iv) Disputed dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	16.97	-	-	-	16.97

Note 13.1 The Unrealized gain/(loss) on unexpired derivate contracts are recognized as derivative asset/(liability) and hence margin with exchange are exclusive of such gain/(loss). Refer note no. 4 for derivate assets/(liabilities)

Note 13.2 Bank guarantee issued to exchange against the margin obligation is obtained against the earmarked bank fixed deposits.

Note 13.3 Refer note 30 for MSME and Note 39 for assets pledged as security.

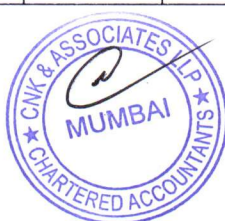


Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024		
	(1)	(2)	(3) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	(6) = (4) + (5)
Note 14 : Debt securities	Designated and carried at fair value through profit & loss	Designated and carried at amortised	Total	Designated and carried at fair value through profit & loss	Designated and carried at amortised	Total
Unsecured						
Liability component of compound financial instrument - 6% redeemable non cumulative preference shares	-	-	-	-	272.58	272.58
Non-convertible debentures						
Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	-	-	-	1,852.00	-	1,852.00
Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	544.00	-	544.00	544.00	-	544.00
Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	340.00	-	340.00	250.00	-	250.00
	884.00	-	884.00	2,646.00	-	2,646.00
Payable to NCD holder						
Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	-	-	-	2,404.87	-	2,404.87
Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	181.96	-	181.96	96.35	-	96.35
Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	79.26	-	79.26	41.90	-	41.90
	261.22	-	261.22	2,543.12	-	2,543.12
Total	1,145.22	-	1,145.21	5,189.12	272.58	5,461.69
Out of the above						
In India	1,145.22	-	1,145.21	5,189.12	272.58	5,461.69
Outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,145.22	-	1,145.21	5,189.12	272.58	5,461.69

Sr. No	Series	Issued to	Issue date	Redemption date	Principle protection	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
						Units	Face value	Units	Face value
1	Series A	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	13-Oct-22	12-Oct-25	Yes	-	-	600	600.00
2	Series A	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	18-Oct-22	12-Oct-25	Yes	-	-	400	400.00
3	Series A	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	06-Dec-22	12-Oct-25	Yes	-	-	600	600.00
4	Series A	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	14-Dec-22	12-Oct-25	Yes	-	-	45	45.00
5	Series A	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	23-Feb-23	12-Oct-25	Yes	-	-	207	207.00
6	Series C	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	17-Feb-23	03-Feb-26	Yes	15	15.00	15	15.00
7	Series B	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	03-Feb-23	02-Sep-26	Yes	143	143.00	143	143.00
8	Series B	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	15-Feb-23	02-Sep-26	Yes	40	40.00	40	40.00
9	Series B	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	23-Feb-23	02-Sep-26	Yes	41	41.00	41	41.00
10	Series B	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	20-Mar-23	02-Sep-26	Yes	21	21.00	21	21.00
11	Series D	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	18-Jul-23	03-Feb-26	No	500	500.00	500	500.00
12	Series E	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	24-Aug-23	03-Feb-26	No	29	29.00	29	29.00
13	Series B	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	02-Jun-23	02-Sep-26	Yes	5	5.00	5	5.00
14	Series F	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	23-Aug-24	02-Sep-26	No	90	90.00	-	-
	Total					884	884.00	2,646.00	2,646.00



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Note 15 : Borrowings (other than debt securities)

Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

Secured

Bank borrowing

- 817.37

- 817.37

Unsecured

Related party

955.10 1,032.00

955.10 1,032.00

Total

955.10 1,849.37

Out of the above

Borrowing in India

955.10 1,849.37

Borrowing outside India

- -

Total

955.10 1,849.37

(Refer note no 32 for related party transaction)

(a) Related party :

These unsecured loans are repayable on demand and renewable at the end of 1 year. Interest is charged @ 11% p.a

(b) Preference Shares :

1,20,00,000 6% redeemable preference shares of Rs. 10/- each issued, subscribed and fully paid up

- 1,200.00

Preference Shares:

During the financial year 2024-25, the Company converted its Redeemable Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Preference Shares (RNCPS) into Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) on 15th January 2025. The conversion ratio was determined based on an equity valuation conducted by an independent valuer, which assessed the fair value of the Company's equity shares at ₹209.89 per share.

Further, the above CCPS were converted into 5,71,429 equity shares on 20th February 2025 and accordingly recorded and presented in books of accounts.

(c) Other borrowings :

- It includes funded facility granted by Bank of India and is repayable on demand. It carries an effective interest rate of 12.40% p.a. or can be revised by the Bank from time to time.

- It includes funded facility granted by ICICI Bank and is repayable on demand. It carries an effective interest rate between 9% - 12.25% p.a. or can be revised by the Bank from time to time.

- It includes a non-funded facility i.e a bank guarantee of Rs.35 crores by Bank of India against Rs. 17.50 crores in the form of FDRs for the purpose of trading operations.

- It includes a non-funded facility i.e a bank guarantee of Rs.30 crores by ICICI Bank against Rs. 15 crores in the form of FDRs for the purpose of trading operations.

Note 16 : Other financial liabilities

Advance received from customers

12.77 0.83

Client Payables

2,068.49 383.88

Exchange Payables

- 292.04

Interest accrued but not due on loan

4.87 -

Interest payable on Overdraft

0.03 -

Other Payables

0.23 -

Total

2,086.39 676.75

Note 17 : Provisions

For Employee benefits

Gratuity

50.46 40.71

Compensated absences (leave encashment and availment)

17.99 14.69

For others

Other provision

3.46 -

For Income Tax

Provision for Tax (net of TDS)

78.14

Total

150.05 55.40



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Note 18 : Deferred tax assets / liabilities (Net)

On account of temporary differences between tax book and financial statements

Property, plant & equipment	(0.64)	(0.98)
Employee benefit obligation	(17.23)	(13.94)
Unabsorbed losses	-	-
Unrealized profit on derivatives	185.85	-
Unrealized profit/(loss) stock and financial assets	4.19	19.60

Total	172.17	4.68
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Note 19 : Other non financial liabilities

Statutory liabilities	26.55	20.83
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Total	26.55	20.83
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Note 20 : Equity share capital

Authorised

Equity shares

March 31, 2025 - 1,70,00,000 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	1,700.00	500.00
March 31, 2024 - 50,00,000 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	-	-

Preference shares (refer note 20.1)

March 31, 2025 - 1,20,00,000 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	-	1,200.00
March 31, 2024 - 1,20,00,000 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	-	-

Total authorised share capital	1,700	1,700
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Note 20.1 Redeemable preference shares issued of Rs. 1200.00 Lakhs have been converted to Compulsory convertible preference shares and subsequently converted to Equity shares hence does not appear on the date of the balance sheet.

Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid-up

Equity shares

March 31, 2025 - 47,06,429 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	470.64	413.50
March 31, 2024 - 41,35,000 nos. - face value of Rs 10/- each	-	-

Total	470.64	413.50
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Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the board of directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The details of equity shares held by Abans Capital Private Limited (Promoter) :-

Number of shares held	47,06,429	41,35,000
Percentage of total shares	100.00%	100.00%
Percentage change during the year	0.00%	0.00%

The details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares :-

Name of the shareholder

1) Abans Capital Private Limited

Number of shares	47,06,429	41,35,000
% held	100.00%	100.00%

(1 Share held by Mr. Abhishek Bansal as nominee of Abans Capital Private Limited)



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
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Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Equity shares :

At the beginning of the year	41.35	41.35
Addition during the period	5.71	-
Closing Balance	47.06	41.35

Details of bonus shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceeding the reporting date:

- i) During the period of last five years immediately preceeding the reporting date, the company has not allotted any shares as fully paid Pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash
- ii) During the period of last five years immediately preceeding the reporting date, the company has not issued any bonus shares
- iii) During the period of last five years immediately preceeding the reporting date the company has not bought back any equity shares.

Note 21 : Other equity

Equity component of compound financial instrument

Opening balance	14,185.60	14,185.60
Add : Addition during the year	-	-
Less: Convertible Preference Shares converted	(1,075.60)	-
Closing balance	13,110.00	14,185.60

Securities premium

Opening balance	87.50	87.50
Add : Addition during the year	1,316.84	-
Closing balance	1,404.34	87.50

Retained earnings

Opening balance	1,009.94	969.93
Add : Profit for the year	1,799.24	304.61
Less : Debenture redemption reserve	176.20	(264.60)
Less : Tax expense	-	-
Closing balance	2,985.38	1,009.94

Other comprehensive income

Opening balance	(4.91)	5.15
Less: Items reclassified to Profit and Loss	-	-
Add/Less: Other comprehensive income (OCI)	1.26	(10.06)
Closing balance	(3.65)	(4.91)

Debenture redemption reserve

Opening balance	264.60	-
Add : Issue of Debentures	9.00	264.60
Less : Redemption of Debentures	185.20	-
Closing balance	88.40	264.60

TOTAL

17,584.47 **15,542.74**



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
-------------	----------------------------	-------------------------

Note 21.1 : Nature and purpose of reserves

1. Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It can be utilised only for limited purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
2. Retained earnings represents the surplus in profit and loss account and appropriations. It is available for distribution to shareholders.
3. Equity component of compound financial instrument is the difference between the fair value of compound financial instrument and the fair value of the liability component of the compound instruments.
4. Other comprehensive income consist of remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefits plans.
5. Debenture redemption reserve is created out of the profits of the company to enhance investor confidence and protect the dues of debentureholders.

Note 21.2 : Details of compound financial instrument

Equity component of compound financial instrument - CCD	13,110.00	13,110.00
Equity component of compound financial instrument - Preference shares	-	1,075.60

Terms of compulsory convertible debentures

- 1) Each CCD having face value of Rs. 10 lakh each shall be converted into such number of equity shares of face value Rs. 10/- each at any time before the expiry of 10 (ten) years from the date of allotment of debenture at a conversion price of Rs. 415/-
- 2) Transfer of CCDs are restricted without the written consent of company and the CCDs shall not carry any voting rights.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
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Note 22 : Interest income

<u>On financial instruments measured at amortised cost</u>		
Interest on loans	0.42	0.20
Interest on fixed deposit	607.48	314.41
Other interest income	2.64	3.04
<u>On financial instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss</u>		
Interest income from investments	53.61	71.39
Total	664.15	389.05

Note 23 : Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes

<u>(A) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit & loss</u>		
(i) on trading portfolio		
-Investments	(409.61)	124.68
-Derivatives	2,634.19	848.73
-Others	(33.37)	-
(ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit & loss		
- Debt securities fair valued through profit & loss (refer note 23.1)	(113.04)	(85.25)
Total	2,078.17	888.16
Note 23.1		
Net Gain / (loss) attributable to AIF	198.54	1,059.95
Add / (less) : Coupon allocable to AIF	(188.61)	(1,006.96)
Add / (less) : Fair value changes on structured products	(122.97)	(138.25)
	(113.04)	(85.25)
<u>Fair value changes</u>		
Realised	1,377.32	794.53
Unrealised	700.85	93.63
Total	2,078.17	888.16

Note 24 : Finance cost

<u>At amortised cost</u>		
Interest expenses	190.81	430.98
Finance cost on preference shares	25.80	29.20
Discount on issue of debenture	0.90	5.42
Bank charges	6.52	11.53
Bank guarantee & processing charges	52.18	51.90
Total	276.21	529.03

Note 25 : Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock-in-trade

Opening stock in trade	4,423.43	6,078.61
Less: Closing stock in trade	(603.78)	(4,423.43)
Total	3,819.65	1,655.18

Note 26 : Employee benefits expense

Salaries and wages	833.00	625.69
Contribution to gratuity fund	11.61	7.96
Provision for leave salary	5.15	1.20
Contribution to provident & other funds	12.61	9.26
Staff welfare expenses	2.75	1.35
Total	865.12	645.46



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Note 27 : Other expenses		
Annual membership fees	4.01	3.28
Boarding & lodging expenses	0.88	1.05
Brokerage expense	106.99	100.01
Business development expenses	2.50	2.24
Communication expenses	2.36	6.11
Client Acquisition Charges	1.81	-
Demat, collateral manager & warehouse charges	17.22	95.93
Director's sitting fees	1.37	1.50
Exchange charges	131.64	35.99
Franking, stamping & registration charges	0.54	0.82
Hallmarking charges	-	0.95
Insurance charges	-	0.78
Interest on late deposit of statutory liabilities	0.34	0.83
Legal & professional fees	76.73	74.89
License fee and ROC expenses	0.50	0.27
Logistics expense	0.12	0.21
Making charges	-	7.81
Office & sundry expenses	12.95	8.84
Rates & taxes	1.34	2.28
Recruitment charges	1.67	5.37
Rent expenses	22.28	19.93
Repairs & maintenance	7.22	1.26
Subscription charges	0.26	1.57
Travelling & conveyance	6.38	3.51
PMS Expenses	3.76	-
Payment to auditors:		
Statutory audit fees	7.75	2.50
Internal Audit Fees	1.50	-
Tax audit fees	-	0.25
Other matters	-	0.34
Total	412.12	378.52



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

Note 28 : Calculation of earning per share (EPS)

The numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted EPS are as follows:

Particulars	Units	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholder for calculation of Basic EPS	₹ in Lakhs	1,799.24	304.61
Weighted average no. of equity shares (basic)	Nos	41,97,622	41,35,000
Basic earnings per equity share	₹	42.86	7.37
Net profit attributable to equity shareholder for calculation of diluted EPS	₹ in Lakhs	1,799.24	304.61
Weighted average no. of equity shares (diluted)	Nos	73,56,659	72,94,036
Diluted earnings per equity share	₹	24.46	4.18
Face value of equity shares	₹	10.00	10.00

Note 29 : Contingent liabilities and commitments

The details of contingent liabilities and commitments are as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

A. Contingent liabilities :	March 31, 2025
(i) Details regarding ongoing income tax matters	Refer table 29.1
(ii) Details regarding ongoing GST matters	Refer table 29.2

Table 29.1 Income tax matters

As at March 31, 2025:

AY	Date of order	Demand as per order	Demand paid	Status
2019-20	31-03-2024	1.89	1.89	Appeal filed on 24.04.2024
Total		1.89	1.89	

As at March 31, 2024:

AY	Date of order	Demand as per order	Demand paid	Status
2014-15	16-03-2022	0.53	0.53	Appeal filed on 14.04.2022.
2018-19	09-02-2023	38.39	7.68	Appeal filed on 17.03.2023, Stay application filed on 11/05/2023
2019-20	31-03-2024	1.89	-	Appeal filed on 24.04.2024.
2020-21	23-03-2022	61.78	12.36	Appeal Filed on 26.04.2022. Stay application filed on 17/05/2022
Total		102.59	20.57	

Table 29.2 GST matter

As at March 31, 2025:

SRN	Financial Year	Authority	Date of Issuance	Amount	Status
1	2020-2021 & 2021-2022	Assistant Commissioner, Maharashtra	30-01-2023	37.63	Reply to SCN filed. Hearing attended on 26.09.2024, further reply awaited from department.
2	2022-2023	Superintendent, Maharashtra	28-05-2024	2.78	Reply filed. Hearing attended on 13.12.2024, further reply awaited from department.
3	July, 2017 - 2024	Assistant Commissioner, Gujarat	27-01-2025	13.47	Order received confirming part demand. Appeal to be filed by 06.05.2025
4	2020-2021	Assistant Commissioner, Gujarat	09-12-2024	2,470.61	Reply filed, hearing awaited.
5	2019-2020	State Tax Officer, Gujarat	28-05-2024	1,614.01	Reply filed, hearing awaited.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Notes on Financial Statements

As at March 31, 2024:

The company has received notice from Goods and Services Tax department in respect of Input tax credit matters of Rs 37.63 Lakhs pursuant to audit carried out under section 65 of the GST Act, 2017. Company has filed necessary reply and management is of the opinion that notice will be dropped and will not result in to demand order.

Capital commitments :

There are no material pending capital commitments which the company believes could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the result of operations, cash flow or the financial position of the Company.

Note 30 : Dues to micro and small enterprises

The Company has not received any intimation from "Creditors" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 except for the amount disclosed in (Note No.14-trade payable). Hence, disclosures if any, relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with Interest paid/payable as required under the said Act have not been made.

Note 31 : Employee benefits

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Gratuity - Current	4.92	4.33
Gratuity - Non-current	45.54	36.38
Compensated absences (leave salary) - Current	1.85	1.54
Compensated absences (leave salary) - Non-current	16.13	13.15
Total outstanding as on reporting date	68.44	55.39

A. Gratuity (defined benefit plan)

i) General description:

The Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The company's liability towards gratuity is determined on the basis of year end actuarial valuations applying the projected unit credit method (as per Ind AS 19) done by an independent actuary.

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
ii) Change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation		
Opening defined benefit obligation	40.71	30.22
Current service cost	8.68	5.72
Interest cost	2.93	2.24
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to remeasurement on change in assumptions	-	-
-change in demographic assumptions	-	-
-change in financial assumptions	0.88	0.56
-experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	(2.56)	12.88
Experience (gain)/loss on plan liability	-	-
Benefits paid and transfer out	-	(10.91)
Contributions by employee	-	-
Transfer in / (Out)	(0.18)	-
Closing defined benefit obligation	50.46	40.71

iii) Change in the fair value of plan assets:

Opening fair value of plan assets	-	-
Investment income	-	-
Contributions by employer	-	-
Contributions by employee	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-
Return on plan assets , excluding amount recognised in net interest expense	-	-
Acquisition adjustments	-	-
Closing fair value of plan assets	-	-



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
iv) Breakup of actuarial gain/(loss)		
Actuarial [gain]/loss arising from change in demographic assumption	-	-
Actuarial [gain]/loss arising from change in financial assumption	0.88	0.56
Actuarial [gain]/loss arising from experience adjustment	(2.56)	12.88
v) Expenses/[incomes] recognised in the statement of profit and loss:		
Current service cost	8.68	5.72
Past service cost	-	-
(Gains)/losses - on settlement	-	-
Net Interest cost/(income) on benefit obligation	2.93	2.24
Net expenses/[benefits]	11.61	7.96
vi) Other comprehensive income		
Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized for the period due to change in assumptions	-	-
-change in demographic assumptions	0.88	0.56
-change in financial assumptions	(2.56)	12.88
-experience variance (i.e. actual experience vs assumptions)	-	-
Asset limit effect	-	-
Return on plan assets excluding net interest	-	-
Unrecognized actuarial (gain)/loss from previous period	-	-
Total actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in OCI	(1.68)	13.44
vii) Movement in net liabilities recognised in balance sheet:		
Opening net liabilities	40.71	30.22
Expenses as above [P&L Charge]	11.61	7.96
Benefits paid	-	(10.91)
Transfer in / (Out)	(0.18)	-
Other comprehensive income (OCI)	(1.68)	13.44
Liabilities/[assets] recognised in the balance sheet	50.46	40.71
viii) Amount recognized in the balance sheet:		
PVO at the end of the year	50.46	40.71
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Deficit	(50.46)	(40.71)
Unrecognised past service cost	-	-
(Liabilities)/assets recognized in the balance sheet	(50.46)	(40.71)
ix) Principal actuarial assumptions as at balance sheet date:		
Discount rate	6.95%	7.20%
Annual increase in salary cost	9.00%	9.00%
Employee attrition rate (past services (PS))	10.00%	10.00%
Decrement adjusted remaining working life (years)	7.98	7.88
x) Sensitivity		
Change in liability for 1% decrease of discount rate	54.31	43.73
Change in liability for 1% increase of discount rate	47.10	38.05
Change in liability for 1% decrease of salary rate	47.60	38.39
Change in liability for 1% increase of salary rate	53.53	43.18
Change in liability for 50% decrease of attrition rate	52.44	41.67
Change in liability for 50% increase of attrition rate	48.94	39.93
Change in liability for 10% decrease of mortality rate	50.46	40.71
Change in liability for 10% increase of mortality rate	50.46	40.71
xi) Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation		
Duration 7 years		



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

B. Compensated absence

i) General description:-

The company provides privilege leave to its employees in India. Privilege leave is computed on calendar year basis, however, any unavailed privilege leaves upto 45 days will be carried forward to the next calendar year. Privilege leave can only be encashed at the time of retirement/termination/resignation/withdrawal and is computed as no. of privilege leaves multiplied with applicable salary for leave encashment. The company's liability towards privilege leaves is determined on the basis of year end actuarial valuations applying the Projected Unit Credit Method (as per Ind AS 19) done by an independent actuary.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
ii) Asset and liability (balance sheet position)		
Present value of obligation	17.98	14.68
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit)	(17.98)	(14.68)
Effects of asset ceiling	-	-
Net asset/(liability)	(17.98)	(14.68)
iii) Bifurcation of present value of obligation at the end of the year as per revised Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013		
Current liability (short term)	1.85	1.54
Non-current liability (long term)	16.13	13.15
Present value of the obligation at the end	17.98	14.68
iv) Expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss		
Present value of obligation as at the beginning	14.68	18.77
Present value of obligation as at the end	17.98	14.68
Benefit payment	2.01	5.28
Transfer in / (Out)	0.15	-
Expense recognized	5.14	1.20
v) Principal actuarial assumptions as at Balance sheet date:		
Discount rate	6.95%	7.20%
Annual increase in salary cost	9.00%	9.00%
Employee attrition rate (past services (PS))	10.00%	10.00%
Decrement adjusted remaining working life (years)	7.98	7.92
vi) Sensitivity analysis:		
Change of liability for 1% decrease of discount rate	19.43	15.89
Change of liability for 1% of increase of discount rate	16.71	13.64
Change of liability for 1% decrease of salary rate	16.72	13.65
Change of liability for 1% of increase of salary rate	19.39	15.85
Change of liability for 50% decrease of attrition rate	19.18	15.60
Change of liability for 50% of increase of attrition rate	17.33	14.20
Change of liability for 10% decrease of mortality rate	17.98	14.69
Change of liability for 10% of increase of mortality rate	17.97	14.68
vii) Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation		
Duration 8 years		

C. Defined contribution plans

The Company also has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions payable by the company to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund and employees state insurance are charged to statement of profit and loss. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no contractual or any constructive obligation. The total amount recognized as contribution in statement of Profit & Loss is Rs. 11.64 lakhs and Rs. 8.85 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

Note 32 : Related party disclosure

A. List of related parties

Relationship Category	Name of the company	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1	Abans Financial Services Limited (Formerly known as Abans Holdings Limited)	Ultimate Holding Company	Ultimate Holding Company
2	Abans Capital Private Limited	Holding Company	Holding Company
3	Abans Global Broking (IFSC) Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	Subsidiary Company
3	Caspian Trading HK Ltd (Struck off as on 03/04/2025)	Subsidiary Company	Subsidiary Company
3	Abans Investment Manager Mauritius	Subsidiary Company	Subsidiary Company
3	Abans Global Limited	Subsidiary Company	Subsidiary Company
3	Abans International Limited	Subsidiary Company	Subsidiary Company
4	Abans Investment Managers Limited (Formerly known as Abans Investment Managers Private Limited)	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Finance Private Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Securities Private Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Creations Private Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Enterprises Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Investment Trust	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Investment Trust IFSC	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Jewels Limited (Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Abans Metals Private Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Agrometal Vendibles Private Limited (Merged with Abans Fintrade Private Limited w.e.f. Feb 08, 2024)	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Lifesurge Trading Private Limited (Formerly Lifesurge Biosciences Private Limited)	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
4	Zicuro Technologies Private Limited	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Significantly Influenced by Key Management Personnel
5	Abhishek Bansal	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Shivshankar Singh	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Dharav Ashok Sheth (Date of cessation: 31.01.2024)	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Dikshal Jhaveri (Date of appointment: 12.02.2024)	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Vinesh Karnala	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Atish Tripathy	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Nirbhay Fancy Vassa	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Chintan Natwarlal Mehta	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel
5	Rajesh Gaddam (Date of cessation 20.02.2024)	Key Management Personnel	Key Management Personnel



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

B. The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Nature of transactions	Relationship Category	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balances as on March 31, 2025				
1	<u>Other payables</u>			
	Abans Capital Private Limited	2	-	2.61
	Total		-	2.61
2	<u>Balance receivable with broker</u>			
	Abans Securities Private Limited	3	273.31	623.45
	Total		273.31	623.45
3	<u>Other receivables</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (IFSC)	4	0.10	0.20
	Abans Global Broking IFSC Private Limited	3	-	4.26
	Abans Investment Trust	4	-	17.25
	Total		0.10	21.71
4	<u>Trade receivable</u>			
	Abans Fintrade Private Limited	4	27.46	-
	(Formerly known as Cultured Curio Jewels Private Limited)			
	Abans Jewels Limited (Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	-	523.85
	Nirbhay Fancy Vassa	5	-	0.18
	Chintan Natwarlal Mehta	5	-	0.18
	Abans International Limited	3	-	2.32
	Abans Investment Trust (IFSC)	4	-	0.52
	Total		27.46	527.04
5	<u>Other payable</u>			
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	10.00	-
	Lifesurge Trading Private Limited (Formerly Lifesurge Biosciences Private L	4	83.90	-
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	1,411.43	-
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	41.47	85.57
	Abans Metals Private Limited	4	521.69	179.99
	Abhishek Bansal	5	-	112.72
	Total		2,068.49	378.28
6	<u>Debt securities issued during year</u>			
	<u>Non convertible debentures</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	4	90.00	5.00
	(discount on issue CY Rs. 0.90 lakhs, PY Rs. 0.13 lakhs)			
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	4	-	529.00
	(discount on issue CY Rs. 0 lakhs, PY Rs. 5.29 lakhs)			
	Total		90.00	534.00
7	<u>Debt securities outstanding</u>			
	<u>Non convertible debentures</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	4	544.00	544.00
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	4	340.00	250.00
	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	4	-	1,852.00
	Total		884.00	2,646.00
8	<u>Finance Cost Payable</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-1)	4	182.06	96.35
	Abans Investment Trust (SNF-2)	4	79.26	41.90
	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	4	-	2,404.87
	Total		261.32	2,543.12



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Nature of transactions	Relationship Category	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
9	<u>Loan payable</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	955.10	1,032.00
	Total		955.10	1,032.00
10	<u>Investment in subsidiaries</u>			
	<u>In equity shares</u>			
	Abans Global Limited	3	11,549.88	11,549.88
	Abans Global Broking (IFSC) Private Limited	3	135.00	135.00
	Caspian Trading HK Ltd	3	714.13	714.13
	Abans Investment Manager Mauritius	3	610.87	610.87
	Total		13,009.88	13,009.88
11	<u>Payable to Group Companies and KMP under PMS</u>			
	Nirbhay Vassa	5	58.00	54.48
	Chintan Mehta	5	57.54	54.03
	Abans International Limited	4	2,896.01	1,396.75
	Total		3,011.55	1,505.26
	<u>Transactions during the current year</u>			
12	<u>Sale of securities</u>			
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	1,621.44	2,046.21
	Abans Fintrade Private Limited (Formerly known as Cultured Curio Jewels I	4	11,223.85	-
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	3,596.30	3,567.49
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	1,694.45	-
	Lifesurge Trading Private Limited (Formerly Lifesurge Biosciences Private L	4	8,814.63	-
	Abans Metals Private Limited	4	-	2,878.17
	Abans Investment Managers Limited (Formerly known as Abans Investmer	4	-	1,262.76
	Total		26,950.67	9,754.63
13	<u>Sale of commodities</u>			
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	1,881.03	436.08
	Abans Metals Private Limited	4	32.78	3,081.14
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	1,819.30	509.08
	Abans Fintrade Private Limited (Formerly known as Cultured Curio Jewels I	4	20,042.22	-
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	786.90	-
	Total		24,562.23	4,026.31
14	<u>Sale of service income to Group companies and KMP under PMS</u>			
	Chintan Natwarlal Mehta	5	0.68	0.27
	Nirbhay Fancy Vassa	5	0.69	0.29
	Abans International Limited	3	20.65	2.32
	Total		22.02	2.88
15	<u>Brokerage expenses</u>			
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	7.94	1.26
	Total		7.94	1.26
16	<u>Sale of services - warehouse charges income</u>			
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	3.19	38.72
	Total		3.19	38.72



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Nature of transactions	Relationship category	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
17	<u>Sale of services - brokerage income</u>			
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	5.72	5.37
	Abans International Limited	3	0.08	1.11
	Abans Investment Trust (IFSC)	4	0.09	2.19
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	134.09	98.26
	Abans Metals Private Limited	4	30.42	25.19
	Abhishek Pradeepkumar Bansal	5	0.04	0.10
	Abans Fintrade Private Limited (Formerly known as Cultured Curio Jewels I	4	7.03	-
	Lifesurge Trading Private Limited (Formerly Lifesurge Biosciences Private L	4	5.28	-
	Abans Investment Managers Limited (Formerly known as Abans Investmer	4	0.17	-
	Abans Creations Private Limited	4	-	0.05
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	-	0.20
	Total		182.92	132.46
18	<u>Interest paid on purchase of bonds</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	39.20	-
	Total		39.20	-
19	<u>Interest received on sale of bonds</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	51.44	-
	Abans Jewels Limited	4	5.11	-
	Total		56.55	-
20	<u>Rent expense</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	10.46	9.24
	Abhishek Bansal	5	1.20	1.20
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	10.46	8.98
	Total		22.12	19.42
21	<u>Investment by KMP in Portfolio management scheme (PMS)</u>			
	Nirbhay Fancy Vassa	5	-	50.00
	Chintan Natwarlal Mehta	5	-	50.00
	Total		-	100.00
22	<u>Finance Cost paid on redemption of NCDs</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	4	2,626.86	-
	Total		2,626.86	-
23	<u>Finance Cost on AIF</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust (AIF)	4	221.99	1,006.96
	Abans Investment Trust SNF - 1	4	86.77	96.35
	Abans Investment Trust SNF - 2	4	36.30	41.90
	Total		345.06	1,145.21
24	<u>Remuneration paid to KMP</u>			
	Shivshankar Singh	5	35.89	35.89
	Vinesh Karnala	5	14.50	12.75
	Dikshal Jhaveri	5	6.50	-
	Dharav Ashok Sheth	5	-	6.46
	Rajesh Gaddam	5	-	4.28
	Total		56.89	59.38



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Nature of transactions	Relationship category	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
25	<u>Purchase of commodities</u>			
	Abans Jewels Limited ((Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	79,922.14	20,648.48
	Abans Metals Private Limited	4	18,060.13	359.76
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	-	295.89
	Abans Financial Services Limited (Formerly known as Abans Holdings Limited)	1	-	1,179.00
	Total		97,982.27	22,483
26	<u>Purchase of securities</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	4,570.10	4,536.98
	Abans Jewels Limited	4	1,862.14	
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	676.71	
	Lifesurge Trading Private Limited (Formerly Lifesurge Biosciences Private L	4	822.12	
	Abans Fintrade Private Limited (Formerly known as Cultured Curio Jewels I	4	302.28	-
	Total		8,233.35	4,536.98
27	<u>Debt securities redeemed</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust	4	1,852.00	
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	-	4.75
	Total		1,852.00	4.75
28	<u>Finance income on redemption od debenture</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	-	2.75
	Total		-	2.75
29	<u>AMC Charges</u>			
	Zicuro Technologies Private Limited	4	4.50	4.50
	Total		4.50	4.50
30	<u>Cross charges expenses</u>			
	Abans Jewels Limited (Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	-	1.47
	Abans Enterprises Limited	4	-	0.26
	Total		-	1.73
31	<u>Reimbursement of income</u>			
	Abans Securities Private Limited	4	-	3.82
	Total		-	3.82
32	<u>Reimbursement of expenses</u>			
	Shivshankar Singh	5	0.05	0.62
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	1.50	
	Abans Investment Managers Limited (Formerly known as Abans Investmer	4	0.17	
	Abans Financial Services Limited (Formerly known as Abans Holdings Limit	1	302.56	295.85
	Total		304.28	296.47
33	<u>Discount on issue of Non convertible Debenture</u>			
	Abans Investment Trust SNF - 1	4	-	5.29
	Abans Investment Trust SNF - 2	4	0.90	0.13
	Total		0.90	5.42
34	<u>Interest expenses</u>			
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	122.00	218.24
	Abhishek Bansal	5	-	0.29
	Total		122.00	218.53



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr No	Nature of transactions	Relationship category	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
35	Guarantee availed for borrowings			
	Abhishek Bansal	5	6,987.00	8,487.00
	Abans Finance Private Limited	4	3,537.00	3,537.00
	Abans Jewels Limited			
	(Formerly known as Abans Jewels Private Limited)	4	-	3,537.00
	Abans Capital Private Limited	2	6,987.00	2,450.00
	Total		17,511.00	18,011.00

Note 33 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

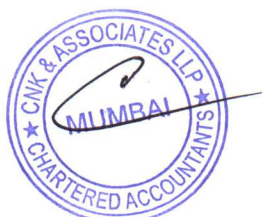
A. Accounting classification

(₹ in Lakhs)

March 31, 2025	Fair value through profit / (loss)	Fair Value through OCI	Amortised cost	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3,514.35	3,514.35
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,050.00	2,050.00
Derivative financial instruments	738.45	-	-	738.45
Trade receivables	-	-	102.59	102.59
Investments	1,387.95	-	13,009.88	14,397.83
Other financial assets	-	-	1,093.77	1,093.77
Total assets	2,126.40	-	19,770.59	21,896.99
Liabilities				
Trade payables	-	-	113.52	113.52
Debt securities	1,145.21	-	-	1,145.21
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	955.10	955.10
Other financial liabilities	-	-	2,086.39	2,086.39
Total liabilities	1,145.21	-	3,155.01	4,300.22

(₹ in Lakhs)

March 31, 2024	Fair value through profit / (loss)	Fair value through OCI	Amortised cost	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	944.49	944.49
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,399.34	2,399.34
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	77.90	77.90
Trade receivables	-	-	697.11	697.11
Investments	939.31	-	13,277.36	14,216.67
Other financial assets	-	-	809.42	809.42
Total assets	939.31	-	18,205.62	19,144.93
Liabilities				
Trade payables	-	-	70.82	70.82
Debt securities	5,461.69	-	-	5,461.69
Borrowings	-	-	1,849.37	1,849.37
Other financial liabilities	-	-	676.75	676.75
Total liabilities	5,462	-	2,596.94	8,058.63



Abans Broking Services Private Limited

Notes on Financial Statements

B. Fair value measurement

All assets and liabilities for which the fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – Inputs are quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement are (other than quoted prices) included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Financial instruments measured at FVTPL

(₹ in Lakhs)

March 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investments	1,387.95	-	-	1,387.95
Derivative financial instruments	738.45	-	-	738.45
Total financial assets	2,126.40	-	-	2,126.40

March 31, 2024

Financial assets				
Investments	939.31	-	-	939.31
Derivative financial instruments	77.90	-	-	77.90
Total financial assets	1,017.21	-	-	1,017.21

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost:

The carrying value approximates fair value for long term financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost. There are no transfers during the year in level 1, 2 and 3. The Company policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy level as at the end of reporting period.

C. Valuation techniques used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

1. Derivative financial instruments - mark to market based on closing price on stock exchange
2. Quoted Investments - Price available on registered stock exchange

D. Financial risk management

Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

1. Credit risk
2. Liquidity risk and
3. Market risk

1. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Company causing financial loss. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, security deposits, loans given and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at reporting date. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Company, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various geographical areas. The Company has very limited history of customer default, and considers the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good. The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bank deposits, loans and derivative financial instruments is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organizations with high quality external credit ratings. Company provides for expected credit losses on financial assets by assessing individual financial instruments for expectation of any credit losses. Since the assets have very low credit risk, and are for varied natures and purpose, there is no trend that the company can draw to apply consistently to entire population. For such financial assets, the Company's policy is to provide for 12 month expected credit losses upon initial recognition and provides for lifetime expected credit losses upon significant increase in credit risk. The Company does not have any expected loss based impairment recognised on such assets considering their low credit risk nature, though incurred loss provisions are disclosed under each sub-category of such financial assets.



Abans Broking Services Private Limited
Notes on Financial Statements

2. Liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meets its obligations on time at a reasonable price. In addition; processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity through rolling forecasts of expected cash flows.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below is an analysis of Company's financial liabilities based on their remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

(₹ in Lakhs)		
March 31, 2025	Contractual cash flows	
Non-derivative financial liabilities :	Less than 1 year	1 year to 3 year
Debt securities	726.06	419.15
Borrowings	955.10	-
Trade payables	32.74	-
Other payable	80.78	-
Other financial liabilities	2,086.39	-

(₹ in Lakhs)		
March 31, 2024	Contractual cash flows	
Non-derivative financial liabilities :	Less than 1 year	1 year to 3 year
Debt securities	-	5,461.69
Borrowings	1,576.79	272.58
Trade payables	16.97	-
Other payable	53.85	-
Other financial liabilities	676.75	-

3. Market risk

Changes in market prices which will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments is considered as market risk. It is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments.

a. Currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency.

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening /weakening of the Indian Rupee against US dollars at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affects profit or loss. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

b. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

Impact on statement of profit and (loss) - [net of tax]		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points (100 bps)	(10.49)	(11.20)
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (100 bps)	10.49	11.20

Note 34 : Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximize the shareholders' interest, safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and reduce its cost of capital. Company is focused on keeping strong total equity base to ensure independence, security as well as high financial flexibility for potential future borrowings required if any.

The table below is an analysis of company's capital management as at the reporting date.

(₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Gross debt	2,100.31	7,311.06
Less: Cash and bank balances	(5,564.35)	(3,343.83)
Net debt (A)	(3,464.04)	3,967.23
Total equity (B)	18,055.11	15,956.24
Gearing ratio (A/B)	-0.19	0.25



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Note 35 : Tax expense

Reconciliation of tax expense		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particular	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Income tax recognised in profit & loss account			
Current tax	471.33	8.42	
Earlier year tax	16.53	(50.78)	
Deferred tax	167.07	18.20	
Total (A)	654.93	(24.16)	
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income			
Deferred tax	0.42	3.38	
Total (B)	0.42	3.38	
Total tax expenses (A+B)	655.35	(20.78)	
Profit before tax	2,454.17	283.83	
Company's domestic tax rate	25.168%	25.168%	
Tax on profit before tax	617.67	71.42	
Tax effect of :			
(i) Amount which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income	45.09	94.51	
(ii) Amount which are deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income	(191.42)	(33.24)	
(iii) Set off carried forward business losses	-	(124.29)	
Interest expenses	-	-	
Round off	-	-	
Current tax provision (A)	471.33	8.42	
Tax expenses of earlier year (B)	16.53	(50.78)	
Incremental deferred tax asset /liability on account of financial asset and other items	(4.19)		
Incremental deferred tax liability on account of property, plant and equipment	(0.34)	0.21	
Incremental deferred tax asset on account of Employee benefit obligations	3.71	(1.61)	
Incremental deferred tax asset on account of unrealised profit	(166.25)	19.61	
Incremental deferred tax asset on account of other comprehensive income	(0.42)	3.38	
Deferred tax asset/liability (C)	(167.49)	21.58	
Total tax expense (A+B+C)	655.35	(20.78)	

Note 36 : Segment reporting

Primary segment (business segment)

The Company is operating in two different business segments i.e. Trading and Broking Activities. Segments have been identified and reported taking into account nature of products and services, the different risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems. The accounting Policy adopted for Segment Reporting are in line with Company's Accounting Policy

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
1. Segment revenue			
a) Segment - Broking, consultancy & allied services	1,040.32	753.54	
b) Segment - Trading in commodities & securities	2,23,744.13	49,655.49	
c) Segment - Others/un allocable	3.06	0.20	
Total	2,24,787.51	50,409.23	
Less: Inter segment revenue	-	-	
Net sales/income from Operations	2,24,787.51	50,409.23	
2. Segment results			
Profit / (loss) before tax and interest from each segment			
a) Segment - Broking, consultancy & allied services	12.64	454.13	
b) Segment - Trading in commodities & securities	2,717.71	496.65	
c) Segment - Others/un allocable	0.04	(137.91)	
Total profit before exceptional item & tax & interest	2,730.38	812.87	
Less : Finance cost	(276.21)	(529.04)	
Total profit before exceptional item & tax	2,454.17	283.83	



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Note:- Due to the dynamic nature of the business and the multiple operating segments the business has, the assets and liabilities are used interchangeably among all segments. Forced allocation of these assets and liabilities is not practicable and will not result in any meaningful allocation and segregation. Hence, the assets and liabilities have not been identified with regards to segment reporting.

Note 37 : Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Within 12 months	After 12 months
ASSETS				
Financial Assets				
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3,514.35	-	944.49	-
(b) Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	2,050.00	-	2,399.34	-
(c) Derivative financial instruments	738.45	-	77.90	-
(d) Investments	1,387.95	13,009.88	267.48	13,949.19
(e) Other financial assets	1,093.77	-	809.42	-
(f) Trade receivables	102.59	-	697.13	-
	8,887.11	13,009.88	5,195.76	13,949.19
Non-financial assets				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	-	8.65	-	3.42
(b) Intangible asset	-	101.39	-	124.57
(c) Inventories	603.78	-	4,423.43	-
(d) Other non-financial assets	93.30	-	188.90	-
(e) Current tax asset	-	-	210.51	-
(f) Deferred tax asset	-	-	-	-
	697.08	110.04	4,822.84	127.99
TOTAL ASSETS	9,584.19	13,119.92	10,018.60	14,077.18
LIABILITIES				
Financial liabilities				
(a) Payables	-	-	-	-
(i) Trade payables				
(i) dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-
(ii) dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	32.74	-	16.97	-
(ii) Other payables				
(i) dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-
(ii) dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	80.78	-	53.85	-
(a) Debt securities	726.06	419.15	5,461.69	-
(b) Borrowings	955.10	-	1,849.37	-
(c) Other financial liabilities	2,086.39	-	676.75	-
	3,881.07	419.15	8,058.63	-
Non-financial liabilities				
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	78.14	-	-	-
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	-	172.18	-	4.68
(c) Provisions	71.91	-	55.40	-
(d) Other non-financial liabilities	26.55	-	20.83	-
	176.60	172.18	76.23	4.68
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,057.67	591.33	8,134.86	4.68



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Note 38 : Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

(i) Rating assigned to	Abans Broking Services Private Limited
(ii) Date of rating	October 04, 2024
(iii) Name of the rating agency	Acuité Ratings & Research Limited
(iv) Validity	August 23, 2025
(v) Rating of products	
a) Long term bank facilities	ACUITE BBB+ (Stable) Reaffirmed
	Rs. 37.00 Lakhs
a) Short term bank facilities	ACUITE A2 Reaffirmed
	Rs. 4,500.00 Lakhs

Note 39 : Assets pledged as security

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for borrowings are: (₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Financial assets		
Fixed deposit earmarked against bank guarantee*	3,250.00	2,280.64
Fixed deposit earmarked to exchange*	4,607.50	1,051.38
Equity Shares - Tata Motors DVR**	-	267.48
Exchange Traded Funds - Nippon India silver ETF**	-	860.77
Bonds - 7.40% Government securities 2062**	476.53	-
Equity Shares - Southbank**	90.07	
Equity Shares - IEX**	50.62	
Equity Shares - PEL**	18.09	
Equity Shares - Elecon**	71.48	
Total assets pledged as security	8,564.29	4,460.27

* Fixed Deposits are lien marked against bank guarantee, mandi License and margin payable to exchange

** Securities have been pledged with exchange for margin.

Note 40 : Charge on assets

1. Charge created in favour of the charge holder (ICICI Bank) on 26/10/2021 of Rs. 1,150 Lakhs over certain assets of the Company. However, there is no utilisation of Intraday Facility in FY 2021-22 (P.Y -Not applicable). This charge has been modified on 15/03/2023 to increase the limit to 10,000.00 Lakhs for Intraday Trading.

2. Charge created in favour of the charge holder (ICICI Bank) on 02/12/2024 of Rs. 3,000 Lakhs over certain assets of the Company.

The charged asset shall mean and Include : the whole of cash, cash equivalent, liquid investments in securities, inventory, prepaid expenses, other liquid assets, book debts, bills, whether documentary or clean, and all other assets each recognised as current assets under the applicable law and accounting norms both present and future, whether in possession or under the control of the Borrower or not, but excluding Fixed Deposits.

Note 41 : Corporate social responsibility

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 on Corporate Social Responsibility with effect from 1st April, 2014. As per the provisions the company had no CSR liability for the FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24,

Note 42 : Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

All charges or satisfaction are registered with ROC within the statutory period for the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024. No charges or satisfactions are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

Note 43 : Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Note 44 : Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.



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Note 45 : Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the benami transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder in the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Note 46 : Willful defaulter

The company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender in the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Note 47 : Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The company has not advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrow funds or share premium or any other sources or other kind of funds) to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ('intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend, or invest in another persons or entities identified in any manner, whatsoever by or on behalf of the company, ('ultimate beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

The company has not received any funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) from any person or entity, including foreign entity, ('funding parties') with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party, ('ultimate beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries

Note 48 : Undisclosed income

There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Note 49 : Non applicability of consolidated financial statements

Based on second proviso of Rule 6 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 amended via Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2016 dated 27.07.2016 company has taken exemption from preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements based on the NOC received from the shareholder.

Note 50 : Analytical ratios

Additional regulatory information required under (WB) (xiv) of Division III of Schedule III amendment, disclosure of ratios, is not applicable to the company as it is in broking business and not an NBFC registered under Section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

Note 51 : Breakup of Sale of Products and Sale of Services

Sale of Products: (₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Coriander	511.96	460.15
Cottonseed Oil Cake	5.75	731.63
Guar Gum	352.69	291.61
Guar seeds	1,268.28	1,854.03
Castor seeds	-	280.65
Jeera	-	2,172.39
Isabgol Seed	-	24.33
Diamonds	259.46	-
Gold	1,07,309.90	1,681.83
Jewellery	32.78	6,979.73
Silver	1,11,866.55	34,219.86
Trade Discount	-	(0.27)
Total	2,21,607.37	48,695.94

Sale of Services: (₹ in Lakhs)		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Brokerage Income	183.13	203.31
Custodian Fees - Growth & Momentum	(0.02)	0.50
Exit Fees - Growth & Momentum	4.23	8.11
Portfolio Management Fees	244.99	223.78
Trailer Fees (MF Commission Received)	0.50	0.38
Total	432.84	436.08



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Note 52 : Strike off companies

The company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies during the year.

Note 53 : Imports on CIF basis

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Currency	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Precious Metals	US Dollar	22,039.39	-
Total		22,039.39	-

Note 54 : Expenses in Foreign Currency

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Currency	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Brokerage, Commission & other charges	US Dollar	7.24	-
Total		7.24	-

Note 55 : Previous Year Figures

Previous year's figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year classification/presentation.

